## Amendments to the claims:

1. (original): A method of creating a photocollage, including: providing plural photographic images;

encoding each of the photographic images with a different steganographic message;

the steganographic messages serving to associate with each photographic image, information corresponding thereto; and

printing the encoded photographic images on a common page.

- 2. (original): The method of claim 1 in which the information comprises data identifying a person associated with the corresponding photographic image.
- 3. (original): The method of claim 2 in which the person is a photographer of the photographic image.
- 4. (original): The method of claim 1 in which each message identifies a corresponding record in a database, each record including information specific to a corresponding photographic image.
- 5. (original): The method of claim 1 in which the steganographic message conveys plural digital bits of information.
- 6. (original): The method of claim 1 in which at least one of the steganographic messages is dispersed across the corresponding photographic image, rather than being localized in a limited portion.
- 7. (original): The method of claim 1 in which each steganographic message is encoded in accordance with pseudo-random noise data.

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- 8. (original): The method of claim 1 in which each of the photographic images comprises pixels, and the encoding changes the luminance of a majority of the pixels of each photographic image.
- 9. (original): A computer storage medium having stored thereon computer instructions for performing the method of claim 1.
  - 10. (original): A photocollage produced by the method of claim 1.
- 11. (currently amended): A storage medium having represented thereon a photocollage, the photocollage comprising:

plural photographic images, each embedded with a different steganographic message that can be correctly decoded despite alteration of the image that alters a representation of the steganographic message therein; and

the steganographic messages serving to associate with each photographic image, information corresponding thereto.

- 12. (original): The invention of claim 11 in which the information comprises data identifying a person associated with the corresponding photographic image.
- 13. (original): The invention of claim 12 in which the person is a photographer of the photographic image.
- 14. (original): The invention of claim 11 in which each message identifies a corresponding record in a database, each record including information specific to a corresponding photographic image.
- 15. (original): The invention of claim 11 in which the steganographic message conveys plural digital bits of information.

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- 16. (original): The invention of claim 11 in which at least one of the steganographic messages is dispersed across the corresponding photographic image, rather than being localized in a limited region thereon.
- 17. (original): The invention of claim 11 in which each steganographic message is encoded in accordance with pseudo-random noise data.
- 18. (currently amended): A method comprising encoding a photograph with a steganographic message, the message serving to identify a corresponding record in a database, the database record detailing information relating to the photograph, the steganographic message being correctly decodable despite alteration of the photograph that alters a representation of the steganographic message therein.
- 19. (original): The method of claim 18 in which the message comprises an index number.
- 20. (original): The method of claim 18 in which the information relating to the photograph includes information identifying a person associated with the photograph.
- 21. (currently amended): The method of claim 20 in which the person is a photographer of the **photographer photographic image**.
- 22. (currently amended): The method of claim 18 in which the information relating to the photograph includes contact information, such as an address for the photographer.
- 23. (original): The method of claim 18 in which the steganographic message conveys plural digital bits of information.
- 24. (original): The method of claim 18 in which the steganographic message is dispersed across the photograph, rather than being localized in a limited portion.

- 25. (original): The method of claim 18 in which the steganographic message is encoded in accordance with pseudo-random noise data.
- 26. (original): The method of claim 18 in which the photograph comprises pixels, and the encoding changes the luminance of a majority of the pixels.
- 27. (currently amended): The method of claim 18 in which A method comprising encoding a photograph with a steganographic message, the message serving to identify a corresponding record in a database, the database record detailing information relating to the photograph the steganographic message is a code pre-exposed on emulsion media, onto which media a photographic image is later exposed.
- 28. (original): A computer storage medium having stored thereon computer instructions for performing the method of claim 18.
- 29. (original): A photograph produced in accordance with the method of claim 18.
- 30. (currently amended): A storage medium, such as comprising one of paper, film, or computer storage media, the storage medium having represented thereon a photograph, characterized in that the photograph is encoded with a steganographic message, the message serving to identify a corresponding record in a database, the database record detailing information relating to the photograph, the steganographic message being correctly decodable despite alteration of the photograph that alters a representation of the steganographic message therein.
- 31. (original): The invention of claim 30 in which the message comprises an index number.

- 32. (original): The invention of claim 30 in which the information relating to the photograph includes information identifying a person associated with the photograph.
- 33. (currently amended): The invention of claim 32 in which the person is a photographer of the **photographer photographic image**.
- 34. (currently amended): The invention of claim 30 in which the information relating to the photograph includes contact information, such as an address for the photographer.
- 35. (original): The invention of claim 30 in which the steganographic message conveys plural digital bits of information.
- 36. (original): The invention of claim 30 in which the steganographic message is dispersed across the photograph, rather than being localized in a limited portion.
- 37. (original): The invention of claim 30 in which the steganographic message is encoded in accordance with pseudo-random noise data.
- 38. (original): The invention of claim 30 in which the photograph comprises pixels, and the encoding changes the luminance of a majority of the pixels.
- 39. (currently amended): The invention of claim 30 in which An emulsion medium onto which a photographic image is later exposed, characterized in that the medium is encoded by pre-exposing it with a steganographic message, the message serving to identify a corresponding record in a database, the database record detailing information relating to said medium the steganographic message is a code pre-exposed on emulsion media, onto which media a photographic image is later exposed.

- 40. (currently amended): A storage medium, such as comprising one of film or computer storage media, having represented thereon a medical image embedded with a steganographic message, the message aiding in authentication of the medical image, the steganographic message being correctly decodable despite alteration of the image that alters a representation of the steganographic message therein.
- 41. (original): The invention of claim 40 in which the message aids in protecting the medical image against undetected tampering.
- 42. (original): The invention of claim 40 in which the steganographic message is dispersed across the medical image, rather than being localized in a limited portion.
- 43. (original): The invention of claim 40 in which the steganographic message is encoded in accordance with pseudo-random noise data.
- 44. (original): The invention of claim 40 in which the medical image comprises pixels, and the encoding changes the luminance of a majority of the pixels.

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